General Pharmaceutical Council

Registered pharmacy inspection report

Pharmacy Name: Day Lewis Pharmacy, 4 Old Milton Green Parade,

Christchurch Road, NEW MILTON, Hampshire, BH25 6QA

Pharmacy reference: 1083633

Type of pharmacy: Community

Date of inspection: 01/02/2024

Pharmacy context

This pharmacy is located on a parade of shops in the town of New Milton in Hampshire. The pharmacy dispenses NHS and private prescriptions, sells a range of over-the-counter medicines, and provides health advice. The pharmacy also provides the Pharmacy First service, a range of private services and a local delivery service.

Overall inspection outcome

✓ Standards met

Required Action: None

Follow this link to find out what the inspections possible outcomes mean

Summary of notable practice for each principle

Principle	Principle finding	Exception standard reference	Notable practice	Why
1. Governance	Standards met	N/A	N/A	N/A
2. Staff	Standards met	N/A	N/A	N/A
3. Premises	Standards met	N/A	N/A	N/A
4. Services, including medicines management	Standards met	N/A	N/A	N/A
5. Equipment and facilities	Standards met	N/A	N/A	N/A

Principle 1 - Governance ✓ Standards met

Summary findings

The pharmacy generally manages the risks associated with its services to make sure people receive appropriate care. Members of the pharmacy team follow written procedures to make sure they work safely, and they complete tasks in the right way. They discuss their mistakes so that they can learn from them. And team members understand their role in protecting vulnerable people and they keep people's personal information safe.

Inspector's evidence

A near miss record was available in the dispensary and was seen to be used regularly by the team. The pharmacist explained that near misses would be discussed verbally with each team member, highlighting their own mistakes and changes they could make. Near misses were also recorded electronically on PharmOutcomes and this allowed the team to generate reports at the end of each month. These showed the types of mistakes they had made and allowed them to further analyse any trends in the errors. Errors were also reported electronically and copies of these were maintained in the pharmacy. The team explained how they kept a section of the pharmacy specifically for the high-risk medicines which were commonly mistaken for one another. They explained that this helped make sure they were more cautious when selecting those items for dispensing. There was a workflow in the pharmacy where labelling, dispensing, checking and the preparation of multi-compartment compliance aids were all carried out at different areas of the work benches. Multi-compartment compliance aids were prepared in a dedicated space at the back of the building to reduce distractions.

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) were in place for the dispensing tasks. Team members had all signed the SOPs to say they had been read and understood. Staff roles and responsibilities were described in the SOPs, and they were reviewed every two years by the superintendent pharmacist or when there were any significant changes. There was a complaints procedure in place within the SOPs and the staff were clear on the processes they should follow if they received a complaint. The complaints procedure was detailed in a poster displayed by the medicines counter. The poster explained that any comments, suggestions, or complaints could be forwarded to the staff, the Patient Advisory Liaison Service (PALS) and Independent Complaints Advocacy Service (ICAS). A certificate of public liability and professional indemnity insurance from the NPA was available.

The controlled drug register was maintained electronically, and a balance check was carried out every week by the pharmacist. Records of this were complete. The responsible pharmacist record was held electronically, and the correct responsible pharmacist notice was displayed in the pharmacy where people could see it. The maximum and minimum fridge temperatures were recorded electronically daily and were within the correct temperature range. The electronic private prescription records were completed appropriately. The unlicensed 'specials' records were complete with the required information documented accurately. The computers were all password protected and the screens were not visible to people using the pharmacy. There were cordless telephones available for use and confidential wastepaper was collected in baskets on the workbenches and later placed in confidential waste bags for collection by an appropriately licensed contractor.

The pharmacist had completed Level 3 training on safeguarding vulnerable adults and children, and the

rest of the team had completed a safeguarding training module from the company. All team members were aware of signs to look out for which may indicate a safeguarding issue. The team had a safeguarding vulnerable groups policy in the Clinical Governance file which contained all the local safeguarding contacts as well as signposting information together with a flow chart should the team suspect a safeguarding incident. The pharmacist was informed about the NHS Safeguarding app which could also be used as a suitable additional resource.

Principle 2 - Staffing ✓ Standards met

Summary findings

The pharmacy has enough team members to manage the workload and the services that it provides. Team members work well together and are supportive of each other. And they have access to training resources to help keep their skills and knowledge up to date. Team members are able to raise concerns and make suggestions.

Inspector's evidence

During the inspection, there was one regular pharmacist, two NVQ Level 2 dispensers and one medicines counter assistant. The staff were seen to be working well together and supporting one another. The pharmacy team received regular training updates via the company's intranet. The team members explained that the training was relevant to their roles, and they were provided with protected training time to complete it.

The team members explained that they were supported in completing their training. The team completed staff satisfaction surveys annually where their opinions about their job and working environment were considered and they could provide feedback to the company about their work. There was a whistleblowing policy for the company which all the members of staff had signed to say they read and understood. There were no targets in place, but the team did not feel pressurised to deliver the targets and would never compromise their professional judgement to do so.

Principle 3 - Premises ✓ Standards met

Summary findings

The pharmacy provides a safe and appropriate environment for the provision of pharmacy services. The pharmacy team protects people's private information. The pharmacy is secure and protected from unauthorised access.

Inspector's evidence

The pharmacy building included a retail area, medicine counter, dispensary, consultation room, stock room and staff area. The pharmacy was laid out with the professional areas clearly defined away from the main retail area of the pharmacy. A small area had been cleared at the back of the stock room to create space for the preparation of multi-compartment compliance aids. A patient medication record (PMR) system was available which was password protected. Relevant equipment was also available to help deliver the services being advertised.

The dispensary was laid out well with clearly defined areas for the preparation of prescriptions. The pharmacy was well organised, and all team members were aware of the workflow and when to step in if support was needed. The fixtures and fittings were clean and the overall appearance of the dispensary was clean. A sink was available in the dispensary providing both cold and hot water. The sink was mainly used to reconstitute liquid medicines. The pharmacist's checking area was near the front counter, enabling them to supervise the sales of medicines over the counter. The staff had explained that they felt much more comfortable in their working environment since the refit and felt much calmer due to the additional space.

The areas at the back of the pharmacy provided adequate storage and a space for the staff to have a break. Medicines and multi-compartment compliance aids were being stored in this area. A staff bathroom was available, with hot and cold running water, for the team to use.

There was an air conditioning unit which helped to provide a comfortable working environment for the team and suitable conditions for storing medicines. The medicines were also secure from unauthorised access. Pharmaceutical grade fridges were being used which had built in thermometers for accurate temperature monitoring and control. LED lighting was installed throughout the whole premises which provided adequate lighting.

Principle 4 - Services ✓ Standards met

Summary findings

The pharmacy offers a range of healthcare services which are easy for people to access. It manages its services and supplies medicines safely. The pharmacy obtains its medicines from licensed suppliers, and stores them securely and at the correct temperature, so they are safe to use.

Inspector's evidence

There was a range of leaflets available for people to read about services on offer and general health promotion in the retail area of the pharmacy. There was step-free access in the pharmacy and the team explained that they provided a delivery service for housebound people and those who had difficulty accessing the pharmacy. There was also seating available should anyone require it when waiting for services. Alcohol hand gel was also available for use in the pharmacy.

The pharmacy delivered a hypertension check service where the team members would identify anyone 40 years old or over who hadn't had a recent blood pressure check. The pharmacy would take their blood pressure and report the results to the person's surgery if there was a risk of high blood pressure. The pharmacy also measured the blood pressures of people who had been referred to them by their GP surgery. The pharmacy had recently started the Pharmacy First service and the pharmacist explained that he was confident delivering this service as he had provided similar private services in the past.

The team members were aware of the requirements for women in the at-risk group to be on a pregnancy prevention programme if they were taking valproates. The pharmacist explained that they used valproate information cards and leaflets when they dispensed valproates.

The pharmacy obtained medicinal stock from the Day Lewis Warehouse, AAH and Alliance. Unlicensed 'specials' were obtained via Middlebrook. Invoices were seen to verify this. Date checking was carried out regularly and the team had stickers to highlight items due to expire and recorded any items which had expired. There were denaturing kits available for the destruction of controlled drugs and dedicated bins for the disposal of waste medicines were available. They were seen being used for the disposal of medicines returned by patients. The team also had a bin for the disposal of hazardous waste. The fridge was in good working order and the stock inside was stored in an orderly manner. The CD cabinets were appropriate for use and CDs for destruction were segregated from the rest of the stock. MHRA alerts came to the team from their head office, and they were actioned appropriately. The team kept an audit trail for the MHRA recalls. The recall notices were printed off in the pharmacy and annotated to show the action taken.

Principle 5 - Equipment and facilities ✓ Standards met

Summary findings

The pharmacy has the equipment and facilities it needs to provide its services safely. And its team members use the equipment and facilities in a way that protects people's privacy and dignity.

Inspector's evidence

The pharmacy team had access to paper-based reference materials such as the BNF but also knew how to access them online if needed. Computers were in good working order and password protected.

The pharmacy had several conical measures available, all of which were clean and bore a crown stamp. Counting triangles were available and there was a separate one available which was clearly marked for cytotoxic medicines.

All equipment was sourced either from head office or Lyreco. All electrical items had been recently PAT tested. The pharmacy had a recommended ambulatory blood pressure monitor available to provide the hypertension case-finding service. The pharmacist also had several pieces of equipment for the Pharmacy First service. Medicines awaiting collection were stored behind the front counter but not accessible to people. Patient information was not visible from the counter.

What do the summary findings for each principle mean?

Finding	Meaning	
✓ Excellent practice	The pharmacy demonstrates innovation in the way it delivers pharmacy services which benefit the health needs of the local community, as well as performing well against the standards.	
✓ Good practice	The pharmacy performs well against most of the standards and can demonstrate positive outcomes for patients from the way it delivers pharmacy services.	
✓ Standards met	The pharmacy meets all the standards.	
Standards not all met	The pharmacy has not met one or more standards.	